



סטארטר ניסוח מחדש- יחידה 3 (שאלות 1-4)

1. The first rifles posed a greater threat to the user than to the target.
  - (1) The first rifles posed a threat both to the user and to the target.
  - (2) The use of the first rifles was more dangerous for the user than to the target.
  - (3) It was once thought, that the first rifles were more dangerous to the user than to the target.
  - (4) In some instances, the first rifles posed a greater threat to the user than to the target.

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2. The American Sherman tank was neither as heavy nor as fast as the German Panzer.
  - (1) The German Panzer was faster and heavier than the American Sherman.
  - (2) The German Panzer, unlike the American Sherman, is heavy and fast.
  - (3) The German Panzer and the American Sherman are both heavy and fast.
  - (4) The American Sherman is not as heavy as the German Panzer, but it is just as fast.

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3. Though forms of greeting vary from one culture to another, handshake is the most universal gesture used.
  - (1) Some cultures use handshake to greet while others don't.
  - (2) Different cultures use different ways to greet, but handshake is the most common one.
  - (3) A handshake is the most common form of greeting, although different cultures use different handshakes.
  - (4) The reason handshake is so universal is its ability to vary from one culture to the other.

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4. Until 1850, knowledge about diseases remained obscure, because germs weren't visible even through the best microscopes.
  - (1) In 1850, despite improvements in microscopes, germs were still not visible.
  - (2) Due to underdeveloped microscopes, germs was thought to be the cause of disease until 1850.
  - (3) In 1850, researchers invented new microscopes specifically to observe germs more clearly.
  - (4) Since germs did not appear even through the best microscopes, not much was known about diseases until 1850.

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